**Assignment: TBQs 7:1 – 7:2**

Answer the following IN COMPLETE SENTENCES in your spiral notebook. **Use textbook pages 254 – 266.**

1. How many European immigrants came to the United States from 1870 – 1920?

2. How did European immigration change starting around 1890?

3. Name 4 primary reasons why immigrants journeyed to America?

4. What types of jobs did Chinese immigrants turn to after the transcontinental railroad was completed?

5. Explain the labor incentive that enticed Japanese immigrants to increase in numbers to the West Coast of the United States.

6. Cite 1 reason for Mexican immigration in 1902; 1 reason after 1910.

7. Cite 5 difficulties immigrants endured on their journey to the United States.

8. Draw a flow chart diagram indicating the processing immigrants on Ellis Island.

9. Where was Ellis Island, the primary immigration station in the United States from 1892 – 1924, located? How many immigrants were processed through this station?

10. What was the name of the immigration station and its location on the West Coast that primarily serviced Asian immigrants?

11. What were some differences between the Ellis Island and Angel Island?

12. What difficulties did immigrants face after being admitted into the United States?

13. How did many immigrants overcome these difficulties?

14. Define nativism.

15. Why did native-born workers fear Chinese immigrants on the West Coast?

16. How did the Chinese Exclusion Act limit Asian immigrants?

17. What was the goal of the Americanization movement? Provide 2 examples the social campaign provided.

18. Explain the role “ethnic communities” played with immigrants.

19. For what reasons (x2) did a number of Americans move from the country to the new cities?

20. Explain how the solution for the housing shortage in urban areas later led to other problems like overcrowedness and unsanitary.

21. How did many urban dwellers contend with the problem of safe drinking water? How did cities address the problem of improving water quality to control diseases?